

Presentation Overview

- *E. coli* Water Quality Standards
- Lynchburg watershed: data overview
- ABCs of TMDLs
- What happens when the TMDL is complete?

Water Quality Standards

- Regulations based on Federal and State law that set limits on pollutants
- Purpose of Standards is the protection of 6 designated uses:
 - Primary Contact Recreation (swimming)
 - Aquatic Life
 - **■** Fishing
 - Shellfishing
 - **Drinking Water**
 - **Wildlife**

E. coli Criteria

Indicator	Instantaneous	Geometric
	maximum	mean
E. coli	235 cfu/100mL	126 cfu/100mL

Blackwater Creek @ Rivermont:

Violation Rate for 2004 assessment: 63% (10/16)

Violation Rate for period of record: 59% (32/54)





Violation Rate for 2004 assessment: 16% (3/19)

Violation Rate for period of record:



Fishing Creek @ Winchester Rd.:

Violation Rate for 2004 assessment: 32% (8/25)

Violation Rate for period of record:





Violation Rate for 2004 assessment: 31% (15/49)

Violation Rate for period of record: 39% (150/382)



Judith Creek @ Trents Ferry Rd.: Violation Rate for period of record: 11% (2/18)



Burton Creek off Fort Ave.:

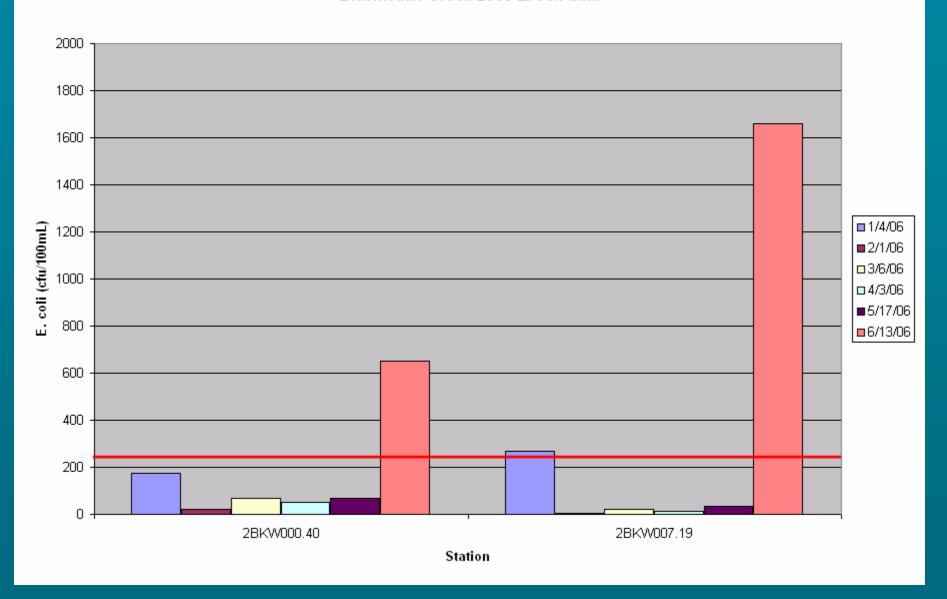
Violation Rate for period of record:



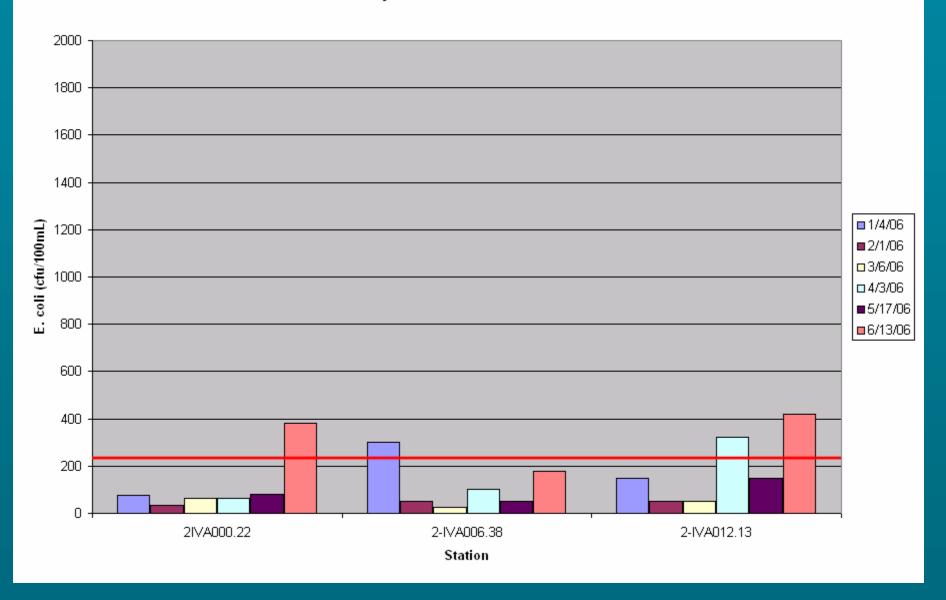
Tomahawk Creek @ McConneville Rd.: Violation Rate for period of record: 25% (3/12)



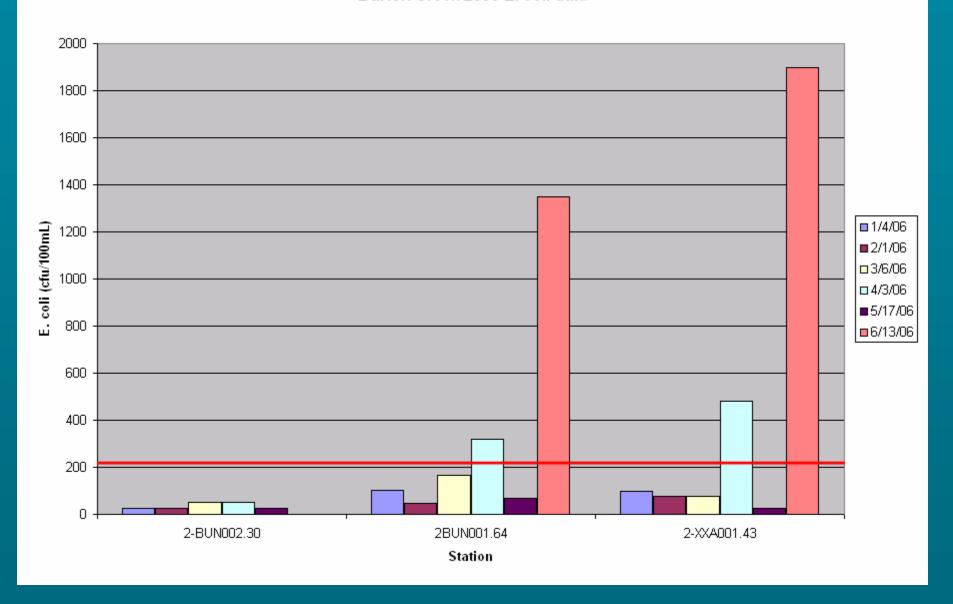
Blackwater Creek 2006 E. coli data



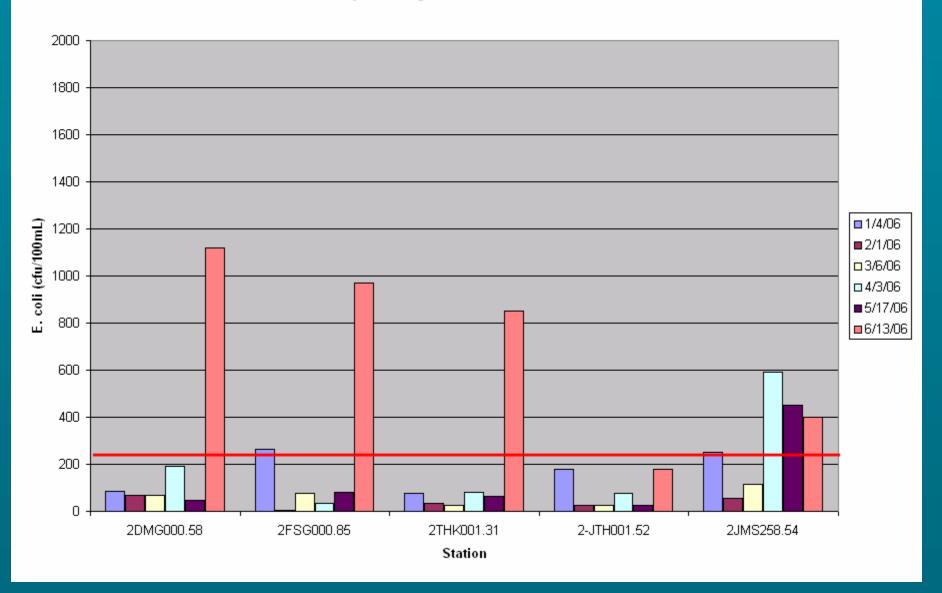
Ivy Creek 2006 E. coli data



Burton Creek 2006 E. coli data



Lynchburg area 2006 E. coli data



What is a TMDL?

- Amount of pollution a stream can receive and still meet Water Quality Standards
- A TMDL study identifies all sources of pollution
 - **Point source pollution** is discharged from a discrete location such as a pipe, tank, pit, or ditch
 - Non-point source pollution originates from diffuse areas (land surface or atmosphere) having no well-defined source
- Calculate the amount of *E. coli* entering the stream from each source, then determine the reductions needed from each source to meet water quality standards

TMDL Study Process

- **■** Gather information
- → Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) meetings to review available data and proposed modeling approach
- First Public Meeting to inform public Final public meeting to present TMDL
- **■** Final revisions and submittal

TMDL- 3 Part Process:

| TMDL development

Implementation Plan development

| Implement the plan







Steps after EPA Approval of TMDL

Local staff can address TMDL through:

- Incorporate water quality issues when planning
 - Comprehensive plans, ordinances, zoning
- Target implementation of BMPs through existing programs
- Identify and seek grant funding opportunities
- Initiate public outreach activities
- Show interest to agencies
- Continue stream monitoring: DEQ, citizen

Contact Information

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